

Diapering Recommendations for Child Care Centers

Prepared by the Health Consultant Team at Child Care Aware® of North Dakota

- Changing pads should be made of nonporous, washable material without any cracks or tears. No cloth material can be used as a diapering surface.
- If changing pad cracks or tears, replace it. Do not try to repair it with tape or by covering it.
- Straps on changing tables/pads are not recommended they spread germs and do not always keep a child in place. It is best to remove the straps and to always keep your hand on the child instead.
- Side rails or raised edges (preferably 6") are recommended to prevent a child from falling off the diaper table.
- Diapering should be done off the floor on a changing table or counter.
- Diapering should be done close to a sink for handwashing. For best practice, it is recommended to have the sink within 3 feet of the changing table. For licensing, the sink must be within 10 feet of the diapering area.
- If there are two sinks in the room, designate one for diapering only. The other sink should be designated the "clean sink" where washing before meals/food prep takes place, as well as getting water for bottle prep/drinking.
- If only one sink is available for food prep and diapering, the faucet, sink, and handles need to be disinfected after using for diapering \ before sink is used for food prep.
- Store diapering supplies and extra clothing close to diapering station if possible.
- Diaper ointment and creams should be kept out of the reach of children.
- Other supplies such as pacifiers, bottles, infant food, medications, etc. should not be stored with diapering supplies or in the diapering area.
- Diapering procedure must be posted.
- Soiled diapers should be directly disposed of into a covered, plastic-lined step can. The step can should be close to where diapering takes place to prevent carrying soiled diapers through the room or having to place soiled diaper/wipes on a surface.
- The entire diapering surface must be disinfected after every diaper change regardless of what is found in the diaper.
- Supervision is the most important aspect of diapering. Always keep your hand on the child. Never leave a child unattended on an elevated surface.
- Keep in mind how you can supervise the other children while diapering ex. reposition diaper changing table or use mirrors. Try to prevent your back being turned to the other children.

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